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GARDEN

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ABELIA FLORIBUNDA "Red Abelia"

CLARKE NURSERY

W. B. CLARKE & CO., Owners

JAN JOJE, CALIFORNIA

PART I

FOREWORD

Last year we made the experiment of issuing under the title "Garden Aristocrats", something different from the usual nursery catalog by selecting a moderate number of the finest ornamental plants, describing them accurately and avoiding exaggeration. We found that this idea met with great favor and so many appear to have saved their copies that we have not hesitated in this booklet to refer to last year's as "1934 G. A." Unfortunately we didn't date it but that very point will identify it. We have a limited number left and will gladly send one on request as long as they last. May we ask that you preserve them? We think they are worth keeping for permanent reference and probably in our future annual editions, if we continue the idea, we will refer to them.

We have changed the style a little this year, first by giving prices immediately after the description of each item, and further by adding a supplementary price list covering items not otherwise mentioned in this booklet. Many were fully described in 1934 G. A. and these are indicated by an asterisk (*). Even with this addition we do not by any means include everything we grow, but are offering a reasonably complete assortment of the more interesting and useful things.

As explained last year we limit ourselves to woody plants which make up the PERMANENT part of every garden and so should be most carefully selected.

We are again planning an exhibit at the California Spring Garden Show in early April at Oakland and urge anyone interested in plants and gardening to make plans now to attend this event.

DISCOUNTS for quantity are explained at the beginning of Part II, page 11.

CONIFERS

NORDMANN FIR (Abies nordmanniana). Nearly all the Firs take high rank as ornamental trees due to their symmetry, stateliness and general beauty. This one is usually considered the finest of all; its compact well filled branches are clothed with exceptionally rich dark green foliage. It takes 8 to 10 years to raise a plant of salable size; after that it does better, but never gains height rapidly. Balled $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$2.00, $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.50.



FOUNTAIN DEODAR

SPANISH FIR (Abies pinsapo). Quite distinct from most other Firs in the way the stiff sharp leaves are set all around the branches instead of being in two rows. Its form is remarkably symmetrical; growth more open and a little faster than Nordmann Fir. Balled 2-2½ ft. \$3.00, 1½-2 ft. \$2.25, 1-1½ ft. \$1.75.

BLUE SPANISH FIR (Abies pinsapo glauca). Surley entitled to rank among the aristocrats for both scarcity and beauty. It is a variety of preceding species with bluish green, decidedly glaucous leaves. It can be reproduced only by grafting so will always be scarce and whoever has one may well be proud of it. Pot grown 8-12 in. 75c.

BLUE ATLAS CEDAR (Cedrus atlantica glauca). The very best silvery coniferous tree of rapid growth. For full description see page 2 of 1934 G. A. The following prices are much below its real value but we have a large stock and until it is reduced our customers have an unusual opportunity to get fine trees at an absurdly low cost. Balled 7-8 ft. \$5.00, 6-7 ft. \$4.25, 5-6 ft. \$3.50, 4-5 ft. \$3.00, 3-4 ft. \$2.50; gal. can 1-1½ ft. \$1.00

GOLDEN ATLAS CEDAR (Cedrus atlantica aurea). A form af Atlas Cedar with golden foliage; the color brightest on the sunny side. So rare that it is hardly ever seen. Has to be grafted and grows slowly while young, but gradually develops into a good sized tree with the general appearance of Atlas Cedar except for color. Balled 1½-2 ft. \$2.00.



BLUE ATLAS CEDAR

COMPACT DEODAR (Cedrus deodara compacta). As it becomes known this form will probably be more widely planted than the common Deodar. To the description of page 2 of 1934 G. A. we can add that its "leader" is always perfectly straight and erect which is so rarely the case in the common form. Balled 5-6 ft. \$5.00, 4-5 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$3.00, 2½-3 ft. \$2.50.

FLETCHER CYPRESS (Chamaecyparis lawsoniana fletcheri). This is hardly known at all but is a beauty. A large shrub rather than a tree. Foliage is finely cut, lacy and rich silvery blue. It does not seem to thrive in full sun here but does admirably in partial or moderate shade. Pot grown 1-1½ ft. \$1.00.

HOLLYWOOD JUNIPER (Juniperus chinensis torulosa). Described on page 3 of 1934 G. A. We recommend it very highly. Balled 5-6 ft. \$6.00, 4-5 ft. \$5.00, 3½-4 ft. \$4.00, 3-3½ ft. \$3.25, 2½-3 ft. \$2.50; gal. can 1-1½ ft. \$1.25; pot grown 8-12 in. 75c.

JAPANESE CREEPING JUNIPER (Juniperus japonica). Described on page 4 of 1934 G A. We will add that it is also called Chinese Creeping Juniper or Juniperus chinensis procumbens. Balled 4-5 ft. \$5.00, 3-4 ft. \$3.00, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. \$2.50, $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$2.00, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.50; gal. can $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.00; from small pots, for covering banks, slopes, etc., 6-8 in. \$25.00 per 100, 4-6 in. \$20.00 per 100.

MEYER JUNIPER (Juniperus squamata meyeri). Described on page 3 of 1934 G. A. Easily one of the finest conifers of moderate size and silvery hue. Its "winter color" is particularly striking and beautiful. It well deserves the wide popularity we are sure it will attain as rapidly as garden lovers become familiar with its merits. Balled $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$2.25, 15-18 in. \$1.75; pot grown 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.00, 8-12 in. 85c.

MUGHO PINE (Pinus montana mughus). Described on page 4 of 1934 G. A. Indispensible for all but the very smallest rock gardens and attractive in any setting. Balled 1½-2 ft. \$2.50, 15-18 in. \$2.00, 12-15 in. \$1.50.



PYRAMIDAL AMERICAN ARBORVITAE

WEEPING GIANT SEQUOIA (Sequoia gigantea pendula). Described on page 3 of 1934 G. A. Possibly the most unusual appearing conifer that can be grown in this climate, particularly when it attains a fair age. Balled 3-3½ ft. \$3.50, 2½-3 ft. \$3.00, 2-2½ ft. \$2.50, 1½-2 ft. \$2.00; pot grown 1-1½ ft. \$1.00.

IRISH YEW (Taxus baccata fastigiata). Briefly described on page 3 of 1934 G. A. as it as almost universally known and recognized. We repeat that it is well entitled to a place among the garden aristocrats. Balled $5\frac{1}{2}$ -6 ft. \$9.00, 5-5½ ft. \$7.50, $4\frac{1}{2}$ -5 ft. \$6.50, 4- $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$5.50, $3\frac{1}{2}$ -4 ft. \$4.50, 3- $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$3.50, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. \$2.50.

PYRAMIDAL AMERICAN ARBORVITAE (Thuya occidentalis pyramidalis). Now that all Italian Cypress are apparently doomed to an early death from the Cypress disease, this tree with its erect narrow habit is all the more entitled to consideration.

It not only is immune to Cypress disease but always was a better formal tree than Italian Cypress anyway. Described and illustrated on page 3 of 1934 G. A. Balled 8-9 ft. \$8.00, 7-8 ft. \$6.00, 6-7 ft. \$5.00, 5-6 ft. \$4.00 4-5 ft. \$3.00, 3-4 ft. \$2.25; gal. can $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.00.

BROAD LEAVED EVERGREENS

RED ABELIA (Abelia floribunda). Illustrated on front cover of this booklet. One of the very best introductions of recent years. Wherever climate permits the growth of other Abelias, this new one will rapidly acquire the greatest popularity as it "has everything"! Habit spreading with erect shoots; maximum height unknown as yet but probably not over 4 feet; leaves evergreen, small and handsome; flowers enormous compared with other Abelias, trumpet-shaped and from 1½ to 2 inches long (illustration is slightly under natural size); color bright rose red. The main crop of flowers is in spring when the entire plant is loaded with an unbelievable profusion of showy blossoms proving the appropriateness of the name "floribunda". This continues for some time; note the cluster of half developed buds at right of cut. It blooms moderately through summer with another good crop of flowers in autumn. Prices for plants from 4 in. pots, selected plants, \$1.25 each; regular grade, \$1.00 each.

WARTY BARBERRY (Berberis verruculosa). Why such an unpleasant name should have been wished on this delightful shrub is more than we can see. If it has warts they are not in evidence! Of slow growth and makes a compact shrub. Leaves small and holly-like, very silvery beneath. Some plants take on a strong bronze hue as winter approaches; others show many leaves colored brilliant red. Bears a good crop of golden yellow flowers in early spring. Balled 1-1½ ft. \$1.25; pot grown 6-8 in. 50c.

BORONIA elatior. This charming little plant seems to have no common name. Foliage is very finely cut and also very fragrant. Flowers are produced very profusely over a long period in early summer. They are rose colored and look exactly like rather large rose-colored heather blooms. In fact the plant could be mistaken for a heather, but is totally unrelated and neither requires nor likes acid soil. It is very dainty and attractive. Pot grown $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 50c.

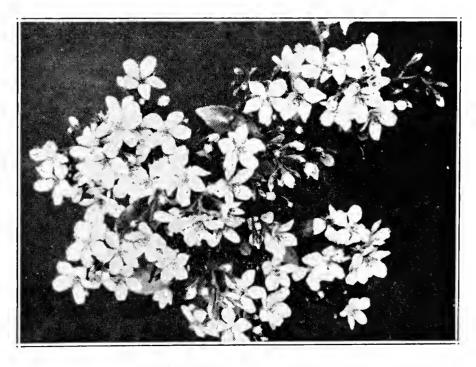
BRUNFELSIA floribunda (B. calycina). This shrub is really a wonder. Foliage is about the size and shape of California Privet. Growth slow and generally upright. The flowers are about the size and shape of Vinca and are borne in the greatest profusion through spring and early summer with a scattering crop the rest of the year except during the cold months. When the buds are fully opened the flowers are deep violet. Each flower lasts about a week and in this period slowly changes to pure white with the result that when in bloom the shrub always shows violet, lavender and white flowers at the same time. This would be plenty, but "for good measure" it has a delightfully rich and powerful fragrance which will perfume an entire garden. Curiously the fragrance intensifies as the flower lightens. Only two large plants of Brunfelsia are known in the state and one of them is near Palo Alto where it went through the "big freeze" of December 1932 so it is surely hardy enough for this district. It is of rather slow growth and will probably remain scarce for a good many years. Gallon can $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.75, $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ ft. \$1.50.

PARNAY COTONEASTER (Cotoneaster parnayi). To the description on page 5 of 1934 G. A. we can add that the great merit of this beautiful Cotoneaster is amply confirmed by the opinion of all who have seen our specimen plants which are now loaded with masses of large glossy brilliant red berries that keep in good condition for several months. This will unquestionably become the most popular of all the strong growing Cotoneasters as it becomes better known. Balled $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.25, $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ ft. \$1.00; pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c, $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ ft. 40c.

GARLAND DAPHNE (Daphne cneorum). This delightful little plant is low and slow growing; best for small beds and a particular favorite in rock gardens. It is so precocious that very small plants may be relied upon for clusters of rose colored, very fragrant blossoms. Leaves small and whole appearance very dainty. Balled 12-15 in. \$1.50, 10-12 in. \$1.25, 6-9 in. \$1.00.

ROSE QUEEN DAPHNE. This is a distinct variety of the old favorite Pink Daphne of California gardens. Leaves are dark green with no variegation and noticeably larger than in the common yellow-edged form. Flowers have the usual rich fragrance, are deep rose outside, light pink within and produced in much larger clusters than those of the usual form. Also the plant is of more compact habit. Very fine. Balled 10-12 in. \$1.75.

ENGLISH HOLLY (Ilex aquifolium). Several varieties are described on page 5 of 1934 G. A. We particularly recommend the Van Tol variety which starts bearing very young. We have plants only 3 or 4 inches tall that are full of berries! We are planning to display a magnificent specimen of this rare and beautiful Holly at the coming Oakland Spring Garden Show. Balled $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$2.00, $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.50; gallon can or pot grown 8-12 in. 80c. All plants of this will be supplied carrying berries if customer wishes.



PINK INDIA HAWTHORN

PERNY HOLLY (Ilex pernyi). This is a great beauty but extremely scarce as yet, Leaves are very small, about ¾ inch long with 3 or 5 prickles. Its whole appearance is really charming. Growth very slow. Like most Hollies it is dioecious and only the female plants bear the beautiful crop of red berries which are somewhat smaller than those of English Holly but just right to match the small leaves and slender branches. It is hard to give a description that will do this plant justice; it is one of the most beautiful broad leaved evergreens that we know of. Grafted female plants, pot grown 4-6 in. \$1.75.

SILVER TREE (Leucadendron argenteum). This is the famous Silver Tree of the Cape of Good Hope. Bark, branches and particularly the foliage are intensely silvery. Habit inclined to be narrow and erect. Not very resistant to cold so better for foothill regions and mild locations generally rather than the colder valley floors. Pot grown $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.00.

YELLOW SWEET OLIVE (Osmanthus fragrans, yellow form). Described on page 5 of 1934 G. A. A boon to those who love fragrance in the garden. Gal. cans 8-12 in. 85c.

HOLLYLEAF OSMANTHUS (Osmanthus aquifolium). Described on page 6 of 1934 G. A. We used small plants of this for a miniature hedge in front of our 1933 and 1934 exhibits at Oakland Spring Garden Show where it attracted much attention and received plenty of favorable comment. Its white flowers are also pleasingly fragrant, Balled 1½-2 ft. \$1.25; gallon can 12-15 in. \$1.00, 8-12 in. 75c.

OSTEOMELES schwerinae. This pretty little shrub hasn't received a common name as yet. Is of comparatively slow and rather low spreading growth. Leaves are pinnate with many very small leaflets. Flowers are about the size, shape and color of strawberry blossoms. It blooms very freely and later bears a crop of blue berries. Reported to be very hardy, doing well in Oregon and possibly further north. Pot grown $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 50c.

CHINESE TOYON (Photinia serrulata nova). This striking plant has a peculiar history which now "goes on record". In a seed price list received from China about nine years ago we noticed Photinia serrulata. This plant had been in California for many years and flowered freely but was never known to set berries. Out of curiosity we imported seed and when the plants grew we soon found they were quite distinct from the old type. The leaves are much more prickly and the new growth in spring is intensely copper-colored, while in the old form it is bronzy. Naturally we hoped it would set berries here and two or three years ago it did for the first time. The clusters of flowers followed by red berries are very large, up to ten or twelve inches across. As it is closely related to our native Christmas berry it seemed that "Chinese Toyon" would be an appropriate common name. The "nova" in botanical name was added simply to distinguish it from the old form. It has thrived very well not only toward the coast but particularly well in the hotter interior sections and is rapidly becoming a great favorite in the Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys. It seems immune to disease and grows vigorously making a large shrub or possibly a small tree with age. Balled 1-1½ ft. \$1.00; gallon can 60c; pot grown 50c.

WILLOW PITTOSPORUM (Pittosporum phillyraeoides). It is a pleasure to recommend this beautiful large shrub or small tree as it is in a class by itself in some respects. Superb for planting around pools or in any situation where drooping branches are desired. To all intents and purposes it might best be described as a miniature and evergreen Weeping Willow. It was thought to be somewhat tender, but there is no foundation for this as our specimen plant went uninjured through the December 1932 freeze and is now greatly admired. Gallon can 3-4 ft. \$1.00; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c.

PINK INDIA-HAWTHORN (Raphiolepis indica rosea). Described on page 6 of 1934 G. A. Gaining in popularity every year. This originated here and was introduced by us; we are very proud of our child! Gallon can 1-1½ ft. \$1.00; pot grown 12-15 in. 85c, 8-12 in. 75c.



Japanese Cherry AKEBONO (Daybreak)

FLOWERING FRUIT TREES

This class of trees is possibly our leading speciality. We covered them so thoroughly on pages 7 to 12 inclusive of 1934 G. A. that there isn't much to add. We can say, however, that it is possible, with no great number of these trees, to provide a continuous succession of bloom over a period of four months, from early January when Praecox Apricot starts the pageant until late April or even early May when Bechtel Crab and the latest Japanese Cherries end it. Those wishing to see specimens of these beautiful trees in bloom are cordially invited to visit our nursery any time during this period. If you can come

only once we suggest the middle of March. Should you wish further information or advice about making a selection for continuus bloom do not hesitate to come or write and ask us about it. Everything in this class of trees available for this season is priced in Part II of this booklet.

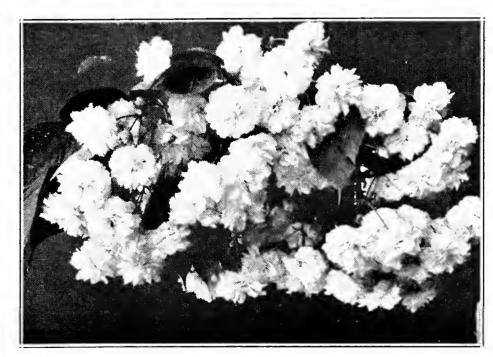
DECIDUOUS ORNAMENTAL TREES

CUTLEAF WEEPING BIRCH (Betula pendula gracilis). Some think this tree is a little too inclined to stand on its dignity and be formal. True, the trunk is very erect and primary branches ascending, but the long cord-like secondary branches droop most pleasingly, and the snow white bark is attractive summer and winter. 18-20 ft. \$7.50, 16-18 ft. \$5.00, 14-16 ft. \$4.00, 12-14 ft. \$2.50, 10-12 ft. \$2.25, 8-10 ft. \$2.00, 6-8 ft. \$1.50.

CARRIERE HAWTHORN (Crataegus carrierei). This beautiful large-berried Hawthorn was described on page 14 of 1934 G. A. Nearly every visitor to our nursery admires our large specimen plant, particularly from late summer to early winter when it is carrying its heavy crop of large glossy red berries or haws. 10-12 ft. \$2.75, 8-10 ft. \$2.00, 6-8 ft. \$1.75, 5-6 ft. \$1.50, 4-5 ft. \$1.25.

MAIDENHAIR TREE (Ginkgo biloba). The common name is very apt as the leaves are shaped just like those of the Maidenhair Fern. In spite of appearances it is really

of coniferous type. One of its great charms is the pure gold of its leaves in Autumn. It has been said that it drops all its leaves in a single night, but that is only poetic exaggeration. Still it doesn't take many nights so for several days it stands on a golden carpet. It is also claimed that it is no longer growing wild anywhere in the world but has been preserved from antiquity around temple grounds in the Orient and has been distributed as an exotic all over the temperate regions of the world. Makes a large tree eventually so should be given plenty of room to develop. 7-8 ft. \$2.25, 6-7 ft. \$1.75, 5-6 ft. \$1.50, 4-5 ft. \$1.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.00.



Japanese Cherry SHIROFUGEN (Victory)

LONG-CLUSTERED GOLDENCHAIN (Laburnum vossi). Described on page 14 of 1934 G. A. At the 1934 Oakland Spring Garden Show we exhibited specimens in full bloom which received plenty of attention and admiration. So uncommon that apparently few had seen it before. 8-9 ft. \$3.50, 7-8 ft. \$3.00, 6-7 ft. \$2.50, 5-6 ft. \$2.00, 4-5 ft. \$1.50, 3-4 ft. \$1.25.

SMOOTH ROSE-ACACIA (Robinia hispida macrophylla). Described on page 14 of 1934 G. A. This also was exhibited in bloom last spring at Oakland where it divided honors with Laburnum vossi. These two and Brunfelsia floribunda, also in bloom, seemed to be considered the features of our exhibit.

top-grafted	heavy heads	regular heads
on 8 ft. stems	\$4.00	\$3.00
on 7 ft. stems	3.50	2.50
on 6 ft. stems	3.00	2.25
on 5 ft. stems		
grafted low 8-10 ft. \$2.25, 6-8	ft. \$1.75, 4-6 ft.	\$1.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.00.

RING-LEAF WEEPING WILLOW (Salix babylonica annularis). The trunk and primary branches are decidedly more erect and taller growing than the common Weeping Willow, but the secondary branches droop much the same. Foliage is noticeably darker and a better green. Its chief distinguishing feature is its odd habit of curling every leaf into a little ring. Both the individual and mass effect of this is quite pleasing. 4-5 ft. 75c.

CHINESE MAGNOLIAS

Three of these were described on page 17 of 1934 G. A. We have quite a number of others in propagation and hope to have them large enough for distribution next season. Our collection embraces nearly all of the rarest and most beautiful types as well as those that are better known. Prices are shown in Part II, page 15.

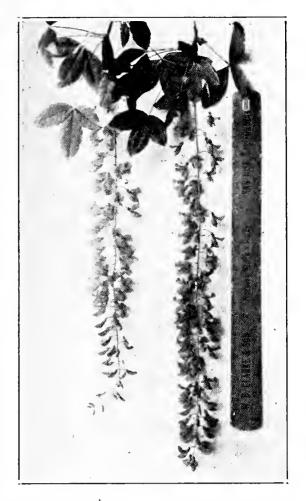
LILACS

Many of the finest varieties are described and illustrated on pages 15 and 16 of 1934 G. A. There is little to add here except to point out most emphatically that Lilacs should be planted at least four inches deeper than they stood in the nursery row; in most cases a safe rule (for our plants anyway) is to plant them so that the lowest branch will be about even with the ground. This causes them to throw out plenty of roots above the crown after which they will be on their own roots and all suckers will be the same as the plant itself and may be allowed to remain. This disposes of the silly claim that Lilacs should be propagated from cuttings which is a tedious



KAIDO Crabapple

and expensive method. As just shown, both end up on their own roots anyway if properly planted so where is the advantage? Grafting or budding is the most practical method of propagation and there seems to be no justification for paying the exhorbitant prices which must necessarily be charged for plants grown by such an impractical method. Incidentally, we imported from France last year under government permit 8 or 10 of Lemoine's latest and finest varieties, but will not be able to offer them for at least two years. We are experimenting with about 2500 of our own hybrid seedlings from the best French sorts which may or may not give us two or three worth distributing; one the color of "chamois skin" looks promising. We make two price schedules;—one where customers make their own selection of varieties and the other where choice of varieties is left to us. In the latter case it is all right to specify how many double or single are wanted and preferences in color.



LONGCLUSTERED GOLDENCHAIN

LILAC PRICES

			Custome	r's selection	Our	selection
5	-6	ft.		\$2.00		\$1.50
4	-5	ft.		1.50		1.25
3	-4	ft.		1.25		1.00
2	-3	ft.		1.00		.80
1	$\frac{1}{2}$ -2	${ m ft}$.		.80		.70
1	$-1\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	•••••	.70		.60

VIBURNUM CARLESI

Described on page 17 of 1934 G. A. We have found an excellent stock for this so can propagate it by budding which gives beautiful well-branched free blooming plants that on a "side by side" test have proved healthier, more vigorous and bloom more freely than those from seed or cuttings. 1-1½ ft. \$1.00.

TRACHELOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES

As if the terrifying botanical name were not enough, "Standardized Plant Names" which all good nurserymen are supposed to follow, further burdens this beautiful climber with the common name of Confederate-Jasmine. However, in California it has often been called Windmill Jasmine which is very appropriate and

at once suggested by the five white petals curled along one edge. For fragrance this vine is hard to beat. At first rather slow but later grows vigorously enough so that it can be cut freely and its delightful fragrance brought indoors. Practically covered with flowers during its blooming season in late spring. Pot grown 1-1½ ft. 50c.

WISTERIAS

CLIMBING AND STANDARD

Both were well covered on page 18 of 1934 G. A. As stated there we grow the climbers for early and free blooming qualities, not for a mass of useless excess wood. We introduced the Standards 4 or 5 years ago and they are certainly "going over". It takes time to propagate them and we are having difficulty keeping up with the demand for young stock, but have in containers a limited number of very strong, well developed flowering specimens that can be planted with no check whatever to their growth or blooming. These can be seen at our nursery or we will quote on request.

WISTERIA PRICES

Extra Long Japanese (W. multijuga longissima) 2 yr. \$1.75, 1 yr. \$1.25. Chinese Wisteria (W. sinensis) 5 yr.

Chinese Wisteria (W. sinensis) 5 yr. \$4.00, 4 yr. \$3.00, 3 yr. \$2.00, 2 yr. \$1.35, 1 yr. \$1.00

General Collection, varieties below. 4 yr. \$3.50, 3 yr. \$2.25, 2 yr. \$1.50, 1 yr.

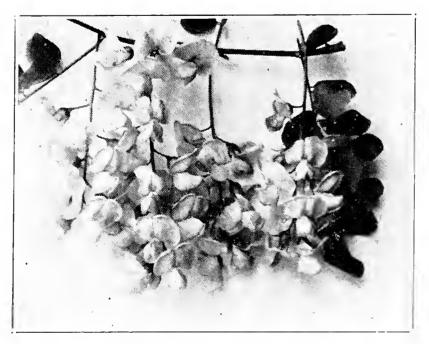
Double Violet (W. flor. violacea plena) 1, 2, 3 & 4 yr.

Japanese (W. multijuga) 1 & 2 yr. White Japanese (W. multijuga alba) 1, 2, 3 & 4 yr.

Pink Japanese (W. multijuga rosea) 1, 2, 3 & 4 yr.

White Chinese (W. sinensis alba) 1, 2, 3 & 4 vr.

Silky White (W. venusta) 1, 2 & 3 yr. Variety Mrs. McCullagh 1 & 2 yr.



SMOOTH ROSE-ACACIA



DOUBLE VIOLET Wisteria

NEW WISTERIAS

Of the four new imported varieties mentioned in 1934 G. A., two have not yet flowered, Beni Fuji (pink) and Kyushaku so we can add nothing about them.

ISSAI is distinct and a welcome addition. It blooms very young and in extreme profusion. Clusters of medium length and well filled with flowers which have pale "standards" with light purple "wings" and "keel". Entire effect is very fine indeed and unlike any other Wisteria. 2 yr. \$2.25, 1 yr. \$1.75.

JAKO has pure white, very fragrant flowers in clusters of moderate length. 1 yr. \$1.75.

BENI FUJI. 3 yr. \$2.50, 2 yr. \$2.25, 1 yr. \$1.75.

KYUSHAKU. 1 yr. \$1.75

STANDARD ROSES

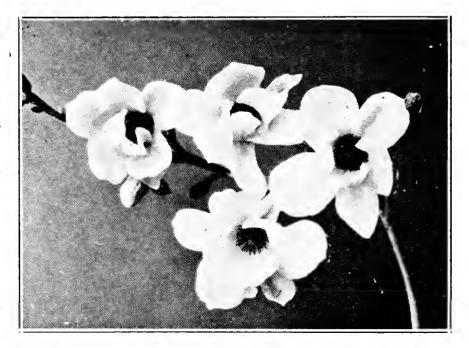
It is generally conceded that we produce about the finest Standard or Tree Roses in this part of the country. We think it is because our nursery is covered with alluvial soil of a certain type that seems about perfect for roses. Possibly the 15 years of study and experiment we have given the matter may help a little too. Anyway we think we grow some pretty nice plants and many nurseries in the state carry stock grown by us. If you have a nurseryman of your own you may find that he handles ours and if so he can give you as fine material in this line as can be grown, we believe. After testing about 15 or 20 kinds of stocks for the stems we have decided that La Grifferaie is the best and now use that exclusively. It is long lived, very hardy, rarely "suckers" and increases well in diameter as plants grow older. All our plants have stems of exactly the same height, 42 inches, so that if used for formal gardens, lining drives, etc., they will match up exactly which is a very important point.

Wholesale demand of our stock has been so great this season on account of the high quality of our stock that we have only a limited number unsold.

Selected first grade \$2.25 each; 6 or more at \$2.00

BUSH AND CLIMBING ROSES

We grow a complete assortment including latest varieties but haven't room in this little booklet to discuss them at all thoroughly so think best to omit entirely. We do not handle patented roses as we are opposed to the principle of the thing. Our feeling is that a beautiful plant is something to be loved and cherished and not to be sordidly classed with mechanical gadgets.



MAGNOLIA liliflora

PART II

PRICE LIST OF ITEMS NOT DESCRIBED AND PRICED IN PART I.

DISCOUNTS for quantity. On everything in both sections of this booklet, we will allow a discount of 10% for 5 or more plants of one kind and size and 20% for 25 or more of one kind and size except of course where they are quoted by the hundred.

SPECIMEN PLANTS. We have a large number of beautiful specimen plants in various lines, some in containers, others in open ground. Prices on such material will be quoted upon request, but the best way is to come to the nursery and see them if at all possible.

OTHER PLANTS. If you are looking for anything in woody plants and do not find it here we suggest that you inquire of us as we have many things in rather limited quantities, some of them very scarce, which it did not seem practical to include in this list.

CONIFERS

- **ABIES** cephalonica, GREEK FIR. balled $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. \$3.00, 2-2\frac{1}{2} ft. \$2.50, 1\frac{1}{2}-2 ft. \$2.00, 1-1\frac{1}{2} ft. \$1.50
 - concolor, WHITE FIR. Same sizes and prices. firma, MOMI FIR. Same sizes and prices.
- CEDRUS deodara, DEODAR. Large trees from 6 to 20 ft. range from \$5.00 to \$60.00. Young stock, balled 2-3 ft. \$1.50; gal. cans $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 75c, $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ ft. 60c
 - *deodara fontinalis, FOUNTAIN DEODAR. balled 2-3 ft. \$2.25; gal. cans 2-3 ft. \$1.75
 - *deodara repandens, WEEPING DEODAR. balled 6-7 ft. \$6.00, 5-6 ft. \$5.00, 4-5 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$3.00
 - libani, CEDAR OF LEBANON. balled 12-14 ft. \$15.00, 10-12 ft. \$12.00, 8-10 ft. \$10.00, 7-8 ft. \$7.50, 6-7 ft. \$6.00; gal. cans 2-3 ft. \$1.00
- CHAMAECYPARIS lawsoniana alumi, BLUE LAW-SON CYPRESS. balled 5-5½ ft. \$6.00, 3½-4 ft. \$3.50, 2½-3 ft. \$2.50; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 75c
 - lawsoniana erecta viridis, GREEN COLUMN CY-PRESS.
 - balled 8-9 ft. \$10 to \$15 according to "weight"
 7-8 ft. \$ 8 to \$12 according to "weight"
 6-7 ft. \$ 6 to \$10 according to "weight"
 5-6 ft. \$5.00, 4-5 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$3.00
 pot grown 1½-2 ft. \$1.00, 1-1½ ft. 75c
 - *lawsoniana globosa (dwarf). balled 4-6 in. \$1.25
 - *lawsoniana minima (dwarf). balled 6-8 in. \$1.25
 - lawsoniana nidiformis, BIRDSNEST CYPRESS. graded by width, balled $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. \$2.50, 2-2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$2.00, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.75; gal. cans 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.00
 - *lawsoniana stewarti, WINTERGOLDEN CYPRESS. balled 5-6 ft. \$7.50, 4-5 ft. \$5.00, 3-4 ft. \$4.00, 2½-3 ft. \$3.25, 2-2½ ft. \$2.50; pot grown 2-2½ ft. \$1.00, 1½-2 ft. 75c
 - iawsoniana wisseli, WISSEL CYPRESS. balled 7-8 ft. \$10.00, 6-7 ft. \$8.00, 5-6 ft. \$6.00, 4-5 ft. \$5.00, 3-4 ft. \$4.00; gal. cans 1-1½ ft. \$1.00
 - nootkatensis glauca, SILVER NOOTKA CYPRESS. balled 5-6 ft. \$5.00, 4-5 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$3.00

- pisifera aurea, GOLDEN SAWARA CYPRESS. balled 8-10 ft. \$10.00, 7-8 ft. \$8.00, 6-7 ft. \$7.00, 5-6 ft. \$6.00, 3½-4 ft. \$4.00, 2-2½ ft. \$2.50, 1½-2 ft. \$2.00
- JUNIPERUS chinensis albo-variegata, WHITELEAF CHINESE JUNIPER. balled 4-4½ ft. \$5.00, 3½-4 ft. \$4.00, 3-3½ ft. \$3.50, 2½-3 ft. \$3.00, 2-2½ ft. \$2.25; pot grown 8-12 in. 75c
 - chinensis columnaris, COLUMNAR CHINESE JUNIPER. balled 8-9 ft. \$10.00, 7-8 ft. \$7.00, 6-7 ft. \$6.00, 5-6 ft. \$4.00, 4-5 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$2.50; gal. can 1-1½ ft. \$1.00
 - *japonica albovariegata, SILVER VARIEGATED CREEPING JUNIPER. balled 2-2½ ft. \$3.00, 1½-2 ft. \$2.25, 1-1½ ft. \$1.75
 - *japonica aureovariegata, GOLDEN VARIEGATED CREEPING JUNIPER. balled 1½-2 ft. \$2.25, 1-1½ ft. \$1.75
 - virginiana glauca, SILVER OR BLUE REDCEDAR: balled 6-7 ft. \$5.00, 5-6 ft. \$3.50, 4-5 ft. \$3.00. 3-4 ft. \$2.50; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 75c
 - *Wilson's Weeping. balled 3-4 ft. \$3.50, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. \$3.00, $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$2.50; gal. cans $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.00
- PICEA pungens, COLORADO SPRUCE. balled 4-5 ft. \$5.00, 3-4 ft. \$4.00, 2½-3 ft. \$3.50, 2-2½ ft. \$2.75, 1½-2 ft. \$2.00
 - pungens glauca, COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE. balled 1½-2 ft. \$3.50
- PINUS canariensis, CANARY PINE. 5 gal. can 4-5 ft. \$1.25; gal. can or pot grown 3-4 ft. 75c
 - pinea, ITALIAN STONE PINE. balled 4-6 ft. \$3.00, 3-4 ft. \$2.50; gal. can 4-5 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 75c; pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c
 - tanyosho globosa, JAPANESE TABLE PINE. 5 gal. can 3-4 ft. \$3.50; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 50c torreyana, TORREY PINE. pot grown 2-3 ft. 75c
- PODOCARPUS macrophylla, YEW PODOCARPUS. balled 2-3 ft. \$2.00; pot grown 1½-2 ft. \$1.00
- SEQUOIA gigantea, GIANT SEQUOIA. 5 gal can 3-4 ft. \$2.00; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 75c
 - sempervirens, REDWOOD. 5 gal. can 6-7 ft. \$1.50, 5-6 ft. \$1.25; pot grown 4-5 ft. 80c, 3-4 ft. 60c, 2-3 ft. 50c

^{*}Items so marked were described in Garden Aristocrats for 1934.

- **TAXUS baccata,** ENGLISH YEW. balled $3\frac{1}{2}$ -4 ft. \$4.00, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. \$3.00
 - baccata fastigiata aurea, VARIEGATED IRISH YEW. balled $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. \$4.00, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$2.50, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$2.00
- THUYA orientalis aurea nana. BERCKMAN'S GOL-DEN ARBORVITAE. (dwarf) balled 30-36 in. \$3.50, 26-30 in. \$2.75, 22-26 in. \$2.00, 18-22 in. \$1.50, 15-18 in. \$1.25, 12-15 in. \$1.00, 10-12 in. 85c
 - orientalis beverleyensis, BEVERLY HILLS GOL-DEN ARBORVITAE. balled 8-10 ft. \$7.50, 7-8 ft. \$6.00, 6-7 ft. \$5.00, 5-6 ft. \$4.00, 4-5 ft. \$3.00, 3-4 ft. \$2.00; pot grown 1½-2 ft. 75c
 - orientalis bonita. balled 2½-3 ft. \$2.25, 2-2½ ft. \$1.75, 1½-2 ft. \$1.25; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 75c

BROAD LEAVED EVERGREENS

- ACACIA baileyana. pot grown 4-6 ft. 75c, 3-4 ft. 50c melanoxylon, BLACKWOOD ACACIA. gal. cans 6-8 ft. 85c; pot grown 4-6 ft. 50c
- **ARBUTUS** menziesi, MADRONE. gal. can or pot grown 2½-3 ft. \$1.50, 2-2½ ft. \$1.25, 1½-2 ft. \$1.00
 - unedo, STRAWBERRY TREE. balled 4-5 ft. \$2.00, 3-4 ft. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$1.50; gai. can 3-4 ft. 75c; pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c
- **AUCUBA** japonica variegata, GOLDUST AUCUBA. 5 gal. can 2½-3 ft. \$2.50; gal. can 15-18 in. \$1.00, 12-15 in. 85c
- **AZARA microphylla.** 5 gal. can 6-7 ft. \$2.00, 5-6 ft. \$1.75; pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c
- BERBERIS knighti, KNIGHT BARBERRY. gal. can $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 50c
- CANTUA buxifolia, INCA SHRUB. pot grown 1-1½ ft 50c
- CEANOTHUS *cyaneus, LAKESIDE WILD LILAC. pot grown 3-4 ft. 50c
- CHOISYA ternata, MEXICAN ORANGE. balled 4-5 ft. \$2.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.75; gal. can $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 60c, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 50c
- CISTUS ladaniferus maculatus, BROWNEYED ROCK-ROSE. pot grown 8-12 in. 35c
- COPROSMA baueri, MIRROR PLANT. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c
- COTONEASTER *apiculata, CRANBERRY COTONEASTER. pot grown, grafted 8-12 in. 50c
 - *decora. NECKLACE COTONEASTER. balled 2-3 ft. \$1.75, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.25; pot grown 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 40c
 - francheti. balled 3-4 ft. \$1.50, 2-3 ft. \$1.00
 - harroviana. balled 4-6 ft. \$1.75, 3-4 ft. \$1.25; pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c
 - horizontalis. pot grown 1-11/2 ft. 35c

2-3 ft. 35c

- *horizontalis minor. balled $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.25; pot grown 8-12 in. 60c
- microphylla. balled 4-5 ft. \$2.00, 3-4 ft. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$1.50, 1½-2 ft. \$1.00; gal. can 1-1½ ft. 50c
- microphylla thymifolia. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 50c pannosa. balled 4-6 ft. \$2.00; pot grown 3-4 ft. 50c,
- pannosa nana. balled 3-4 ft. \$3.00, 2-2½ ft. \$2.00, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.50; gal. cans $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 75c
- *praecox, EARLY COTONEASTER, balled 2-3 ft. \$1.25, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.00; pot grown 8-12 in. 50c
- prostrata. balled $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.25; gal. can 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 60c
- *pyrenaica (dwarf) pot grown 4-6 in. 60c
- salicifolia, WILLOWLEAF COTONEASTER. balled 4-5 ft. \$2.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.75; gal. can $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c; pot grown 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 50c
- COTONEASTER STANDARDS. Top-grafted. We have these in most of the above kinds and in quite a variety of sizes at prices ranging from \$1.00 to beautiful specimen plants at \$5.00

- CYTISUS racemosus, EASTER BROOM. pot grown $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 60c, 8-12 in. 50c
 - scoparius andreanus, PARADISE BROOM. pot grown, grafted 1-1½ ft. 50c
- DIOSMA reevesi, BREATH OF HEAVEN, pot grown 1-1½ ft. 40c
- ELEAGNUS pungens variegata. pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 40c, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 35c
 - pungens maculata, GOLDENLEAF ELEAGNUS. pot grown 8-12 in. 50c
- ERICA (Heather) melanthera. balled 2-3 ft. \$1.00, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c
 - melanthera rosea. balled $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 60c melanthera rubra. balled 2-3 ft. \$1.25, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c regerminans. balled $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.00, 12-15 in. 60c
- EUONYMUS japonicus aureomarginatus, GOLDEN EUONYMUS. balled 3-4 ft. \$1.50, 2-3 ft. \$1.25, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.00; gal. can $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 60c
- GARRYA fremonti (native). gallon can 3-4 ft. \$1.25
- HYPERICUM moserianum, GOLDFLOWER. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c
- ILEX aquifolium, ENGLISH HOLLY. balled 5-6 ft. \$2.50, 4-5 ft. \$2.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.75; pot grown 1½-2 ft. 60c; seedlings for hedges, bare roots, large \$12 per 100, small \$7.50 per 100
 - Female English Holly. seedlings, berried, gal. can 2-2½ ft. \$1.00; grafted, pot grown 12-15 in. 85c, 8-12 in. 75c
 - *Dutch Holly. Specimen plants. balled 8-9 ft. \$40.00, 7-8 ft. \$30.00, 4-5 ft. \$20.00; pot grown, berried 8-12 in. 80c
 - *Golden Variegated Holly. gal. can 8-12 in. \$1.00; pot grown 6-8 in. 70c
 - *Silver Variegated Holly, balled 12-15 in. \$1.50; gal. can, berried 8-12 in. \$1.25; pot grown 6-8 in.
 - *cornuta, CHINESE HOLLY. grafted female plants, pot grown 8-12 in. 75c; seedlings, pot grown 6-8 in. 40c
 - integra (Japanese species). pot grown 2-3 ft. \$1.00
- ITEA ilicifolia. gal. can $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c; pot grown 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 40c
- LAUROCERASUS officinalis, ENGLISH LAUREL. balled 5-6 ft. \$3.00, 4-5 ft. \$2.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$1.35; gal. can 1½-2 ft. 50c
- LAURUS nobilis, GRECIAN LAUREL. gal. can 2-3 ft. 75c; pot grown 1½-2 ft. 50c
- LEPTOSPERMUM laevigatum, AUSTRALIAN TEA TREE. pot grown $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 40c
- LIGUSTRUM lucidum, GLOSSY OR JAPANESE PRIVET. Excellent evergreen hedge plant. Bare roots 18 in. up \$5.00 per 100, under 18 in. \$3.00 per 100. Far better than California Privet for hedges.
 - ovalifolium variegatum, GOLDEN PRIVET. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 30c; from small pots for hedges, from \$7.50 to \$15.00 per 100 according to size.
- MAGNOLIA grandiflora. gal. can 4-5 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 75c, 2-3 ft. 50c
- MAHONIA aquifolium, OREGON GRAPE. balled 2-3 ft. \$1.35; gal. can 1-1½ ft. 50c
 - bealei, JAPANESE MAHONIA. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 50c
 - fortunei (Scarce). balled 1-11/2 ft. \$1.00
- MYRTUS communis, TRUE MYRTLE. balled 3-4 ft. \$2.00; gal. can 1½-2 ft. 60c; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c; from small pots for hedges. 6-8 in. \$12.00 per 100, 4-6 in. \$9.00 per 100
 - communis compacta, COMPACT MYRTLE. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 50c
 - communis microphylla, ROSEMARY MYRTLE. balled 1½-2 ft. \$1.50; gal. can 1½-2 ft. 60c; from small pots for hedges, 8-12 in. \$15.00 per 100, 4-6 in. \$10.00 per 100, 3-4 in. \$7.50 per 100

^{*}Items so marked were described in Garden Aristocrats for 1934.

- communis variegata, VARIEGATED MYRTLE. balled 2-3 ft. \$1.50, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.25; gal. can 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 50c
- **NANDINA domestica.** balled 3-4 ft. \$2.00, 2-3 ft. \$1.50; gal. can $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 60c; pot grown 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 40c
- NERIUM, OLEANDER.
 - Dbl. Dark Red. pot grown 8-12 in. 50c
 - Cardinal Red. balled 3-4 ft. \$1.75; pot grown $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 50c
 - **Double Pink.** balled 4-5 ft, \$2.50; pot grown $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 50c
 - Mrs. Roeding (double salmon). balled 3-4 ft. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$1.25; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 40c
 - Prof. Bodkin (single red). balled 2-3 ft. \$1.25
- PHOTINIA arbutifolia, TOYON, CHRISTMAS BERRY, CALIFORNIA HOLLY. 5 gal. can 5-6 ft. \$2.50, 4-5 ft. \$2.25; pot grown 3-4 ft. 75c, 2-3 ft. 50c, 1½-2 ft. 40c, 1-1½ ft. 35c
- PIMELEA ferruginea, ROSY RICE FLOWER. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 50c
- PITTOSPORUM eugenioides. gal. cans 4-5 ft. 85c, 3-4 ft. 75c, 2-3 ft. 60c, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 50c
 - tobira variegatum. balled $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. \$1.50; pot grown 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 40c
- POLYGALA dalmaisiana. gal. can $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 60c; pot grown 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 40c
- PRUNUS ilicifolia, HOLLYLEAF CHERRY, WILD CHERRY. from small pots for hedges 8-12 in. \$15.00 per 100
 - lyoni, CATALINA WILD CHERRY. pot grown 1½-2 ft. 40c; from small pots for hedges 1-1½ ft. \$20.00 per 100, 8-12 in. \$15.00 per 100
- PYRACANTHA coccinea lalandi, LALAND FIRE-THORN. pot grown 1½-2 ft. 50c, 1-1½ ft. 40c
 - crenulata flava, YELLOW BERRIED NEPAL FIRETHORN. gal. can 2-3 ft. 75c; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 50c
 - formosana, FORMOSA FIRETHORN. gal. can 3-4 ft. 75c, 2-3 ft. 60c
 - *formosana splendens, SPLENDID FIRETHORN. gal. can 1½-2 ft. \$1.00; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 60c
 - kansuensis, KANSU FIRETHORN. gal. can $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c; pot grown 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 50c
 - *rogersiana aurantiaca, ROGERS ORANGE FIRE-THORN. gal. can 2-3 ft. \$1.00; pot grown 1½-2 ft. 75c
 - yunnanensis, YUNNAN FIRETHORN. gal. cans 4-5 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 75c, 2-3 ft. 60c; pot grown 1½-2 ft. 40c, 1-1½ ft. 25c. "Standards", heavy plants, berried, 5 gal. cans \$3.50
- QUERCUS agrifolia, CALIFORNIA LIVE OAK. gal. can or pot grown 3-4 ft. 60c; pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c
 - chrysolepsis, GOLDENCUP OAK. pot grown 2-3 ft. 75c
 - suber, CORK OAK. pot grown 1½-2 ft. 50c
- RHAMNUS alaternus variegatus, VARIEGATED ITALIAN BUCKTHORN. gal. can 3-4 ft. 85c; pot grown 2-3 ft. 75c, 1½-2 ft. 60c, 1-1½ ft. 50c californica, COFFEE BERRY. gal. can 1½-2 ft.
 - 300
- RHODODENDRONS, Assorted varieties \$3.00 to \$5.00 ROMNEYA coulteri, MATILIJA POPPY, pot grown 75c and 50c
- **SCHINUS molle, PEPPERTREE.** 5 gal. can 8-10 ft. \$2.00; pot grown 4-6 ft. 60c, 3-4 ft. 50c
- SKIMMIA japonica, pot grown 6-8 in. 50c
- TEMPELTONIA retusa, MELBOURNE CORAL-BUSH: pot grown 1½-2 ft. 75c
- ULMUS sp. EVERGREEN ELM. gal. can 3-4 ft. \$1.00, 2-3 ft. 85c

- UMBELLULARIA californica, CALIFORNIA LAUREL. gal. can 1½-2 ft. 60e; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 40e
- VIBURNUM suspensum, SANDANQUA VIBURNUM. gal. can 1½-2 ft. 50c
 - tinus, LAURUSTINUS. balled 3-4 ft. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$1.25, 1½-2 ft. \$1.00; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c
 - tinus lucidum, SHINING LAURUSTINUS. balled 4-5 ft. \$2.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$1.25; pot grown 1½-2 ft. 40c, 1-1½ ft. 35c
 - tinus variegatum, VARIEGATED LAURUSTINUS. balled 1½-2 ft. \$1.25; pot grown 1-1½ ft. 40c

FLOWERING FRUIT TREES

APPLES (CRABS)

- *ALDENHAM CRAB (Malus aldenhamensis) 6-8 ft. \$1.75
- *ARNOLD CRAB (Malus arnoldiana) 4-6 ft. \$1.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.00
- ELEY CRAB (Malus eleyi) 8-10 ft. \$2.25, 6-8 ft. \$1.75, 4-6 ft. \$1.25, 3-4 ft. \$1.00.
- Assorted Varieties (Letters show sizes available for each kind).
 - 10-12 ft. \$1.75
 - B 8-10 ft. 1.50
 - C 6-8 ft. 1.25 D 4-6 ft. 1.00
 - E 3- 4 ft. .75
 - F 2- 3 ft. .60
 - *Floribunda CDEF
 - *Floribunda purpurea ABCDE
 - *Halliana (Kaido) CDEF
 - *Bechtel CDEF
 - Redvein Crab (M. niedzwetzkyana) ABCD
 - *Scheidecker BCDE
 - *Chinese Flg. Crab (M. spectabilis) ABCDEF
 - *Large Flesh Pink (M. spectabilis grandiflora)

APRICOTS

- Assorted Varieties (Letters show sizes available for each kind).
 - A 6-8 ft. \$1.25
 - B 5-6 ft. 1.00
 - C 4-5 ft. .80
 - D 3-4 ft. .60
 - *Dawn ABCD
 - Double Red CD
 - *Early Double Pink ABCD
 - Praecox D (This is the earliest of all flowering fruit trees; usually in bloom for New Year's Day)

Weeping Varieties

Weeping Pink top-worked on 5 ft. stems \$2.25, on 4 ft. stems \$1.75, on 3 ft. stems \$1.50 *Weeping Red top-worked on 4 ft. stems \$1.75

JAPANESE CHERRIES

- A 6-7 ft. \$2.00
- B 5-6 ft. 1.75
- C 4-5 ft. 1.50 D 3-4 ft. 1.25
- E 2-3 ft. 1.00
 - *Akebono (Daybreak) ABC
 - Daikoku (Double Pink, very large) DE
 - Fugenzo (fine Double Pink) BCDE
 - Goshozakura (Double Pink) CDE
 - *Gyoiko CE
 - *Horinji E

^{*}Items so marked were described in Garden Aristocrats for 1934.

JAPANESE CHERRIES—(Continued)

- *Jugatsuzakura CDE
- *Kaido C
- *Kanzan BCDE
- *Kuramayama DE

Momijigari (Double Deep Pink) BCDE

- *Ojochin E
- *Shibori (Bizarre) BCDE

Shirotama (Single White, very profuse) DE

- *Shirofugen (Victory) BCDE
- *Shirotae (Mt. Fuji) BCDE
- *Shogetsu CDE

Shumei (Anemone) (Semi-double Pink) DE

- *Taizan-fukun ABCDE
- *Takasago CD
- *Taki-nioi A
- *Tan-ko-shinju (Pink Pearl) CDE
- *Ukon CE
- *Yae-Kanzan ABCDE
- *Yedo E

JAPANESE WEEPING CHERRIES

- *Beni-shidare (Park Weeping) top grafted on heavy 4 ft. stems \$3.00 and \$3.50, on heavy 5 ft. stems \$4.00, on heavy 6 ft. stems \$5.00. Older specimens at prices proportionate to age, size and development.
- *Ito-shidare (Eureka Weeping) same as preceding variety.
- *Kiku-shidare (Double Pink Weepng) top worked on stems of usual weight: 4 ft. \$2.00, 5 ft. \$2.50 etc., up to 8 ft. stems, all at 50c per foot. Also older heavy plants at suitable prices.

PEACHES

- Assorted Varieties (Letters after each variety show sizes available).
 - A 8-10 ft. \$1.25
 - B 6- 8 ft. 1.00
 - C 5- 6 ft. .80 D 4- 5 ft. .70
 - E 3- 4 ft. .60
 - *Burbank (Double Pink) ABCE
 - *Camelliaflora (Calif. Dbl. Red) B only
 - *Double Cerise (late) BCD
 - *Double Maroon BCDE
 - *Double White BC
 - *Early Double Red ABC
 - *Peppermint Stick (variegated) BC
 - *San Jose Pink (earliest) BC
 - *Woodside (variegated) CDE
- Conbination Peaches; 3-colors, Double Red, Double White and Double Pink on one tree. Strong trees 6-8 ft. \$2.50, 4-5 ft. \$1.50
 - 2-colors (two of above) 6-7 ft. \$1.75, 5-6 ft. \$1.25, 4-5 ft. \$1.00

Weeping Peaches

- *Double Red Weeping. heavy stock 9-10 ft. \$3.00; regular 8-10 ft. \$2.00, 6-8 ft. \$1.50
- *Double White Weeping. heavy stock 8-10 ft. \$3.00; regular 8-10 ft. \$2.00, 6-8 ft. \$1.50

PLUMS

*Blirieana (leaves purple, flowers double pink) 6-8 ft. \$1.25, 5-6 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 60c

DECIDUOUS ORNAMENTAL TREES

- ACER negundo argenteo-variegatum, VARIEGATED BOXELDER. 6-8 ft. \$2.00
 - platanoides schwedleri, SCHWEDLER PURPLE MAPLE. 12-14 ft. \$2.50, 10-12 ft. \$2.00, 8-10 ft. \$1.50, 6-8 ft. \$1.25
 - saccharum, SUGAR MAPLE. 12-14 ft. \$2.50, 6-8 ft.

- BETULA pendula (B. alba), EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH. 16-18 ft. \$5.00 14-16 ft. \$4.00, 12-14 ft. \$2.50, 10-12 ft. \$2.25, 8-10 ft. \$2.00, 6-8 ft. \$1.50, 5-6 ft. \$1.00
- CRATAEGUS carrierei, *CARRIERE HAWTHORN.
 10-12 ft. \$2.75, 8-10 ft. \$2.00, 6-8 ft. \$1.75,
 5-6 ft. \$1.50, 4-5 ft. \$1.25
 - coccinioides. 8-10 ft. \$2.50, 6-8 ft. \$2.00
 cordata, WASHINGTON THORN. unbranched trees, 5-6 ft. \$1.00, 4-5 ft. 75c, 3-4 ft. 60c
 - oxyacantha, SINGLE WHITE HAWTHORN. 10-12 ft. \$1.75, 8-10 ft. \$1.50, 6-8 ft. \$1.25, 5-6 ft. \$1.00
 - oxy. var. DOUBLE PINK HAWTHORN. 10-12 ft. \$2.25, 8-10 ft. \$1.75, 6-8 ft. \$1.50, 5-6 ft. \$1.25
 - oxy. var. DOUBLE WHITE HAWTHORN. same sizes and prices as for Double Pink preceding, except no 5-6 ft.
 - oxy. splendens, PAUL'S DOUBLE SCARLET

 HAWTHORN. 16-18 ft. \$5.00, 14-16 ft. \$3.50, 12-14 ft. \$2.50, 10-12 ft. \$2.00, 8-10 ft. \$1.50, 6-8 ft. \$1.25, 5-6 ft. \$1.00
 - pinnatifida major, *PEKING HAWTHORN. 8-10 ft. \$2.50, 6-8 ft. \$2.00
- KOELREUTERIA integrifolia, GOLDENRAIN TREE. 4-6 ft. \$1.25
 - paniculata. 4-6 ft. \$1.25
- LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua. pot grown (do not transplant well from open ground) 3-4 ft. 75c
- LIRIODENDRON tulipifera, TULIP TREE. gal. can (same reason) 3-4 ft. \$1.00
- PAULOWNIA imperialis (P. tomentosa), EMPRESS TREE. 12-14 ft. \$3.00
- PLATANUS orientalis, EUROPEAN SYCAMORE, ORIENTAL PLANETREE. 10-12 ft. \$2.50, 8-10 ft. \$1.50, 6-8 ft. \$1.25, 5-6 ft. \$1.00
 - racemosa, CALIFORNIA SYCAMORE. 16-20 ft. \$6.00, 12-16 ft. \$4.00, 5-6 ft. \$1.00
- POPULUS alba bolleana, SILVER LOMBARDY POPLAR. 8-10 ft. \$1.25, 6-8 ft. \$1.00, 5-6 ft. 75e
 - nigra italica, LOMBARDY POPLAR. 8-10 ft. \$1.25, 6-8 ft. \$1.00
 - tremula pendula, *WEEPING ASPEN. top-grafted on 6 ft. stems \$2.25
- ROBINIA kelseyi, KELSEY LOCUST. 8-10 ft. \$2.25, 6-8 ft. \$1.75, 5-6 ft. \$1.00
 - pseud. decaisneana, PINK LOCUST. 14-16 ft. \$2.50, 12-14 ft. \$2.00, 10-12 ft. \$1.50, 8-10 ft. \$1.25, 6-8 ft. \$1.00
 - pseud. umbraculiformis, GLOBE LOCUST. topgrafted on 7 ft. stems \$2.25, on 6 ft. stems \$1.75
- SALIX babylonica, COMMON WEEPING WILLOW. 10-12 ft. \$1.50, 8-10 ft. \$1.25, 6-8 ft. \$1.00, 5-6 ft. 75c
- SORBUS aucuparia, EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN ASH. 5-6 ft. \$1.50
 - aucuparia pendula, *WEEPING MOUNTAIN ASH. top-grafted on 6 ft. stems, strong heads \$2.50

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

- ARONIA arbutifolia, RED CHOKEBERRY. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 75c
- CAESALPINIA gilliesi, POINCIANA, BIRD OF PARADISE. 4-6 ft. 75c, 3-4 ft. 60c
- CERCIS chinensis, CHINESE REDBUD or JUDAS-TREE. 2-3 ft. 75c
- CORNUS kousa, KOUSA DOGWOOD. gal. can 2-3 ft. \$1.00

^{*}Items so marked were described in Garden Aristocrats for 1934.

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CALIF.



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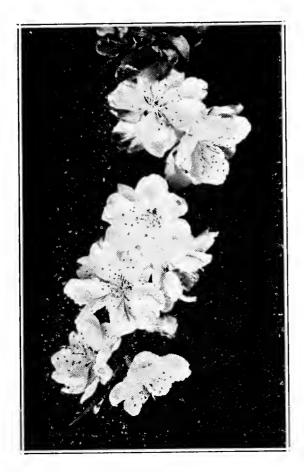
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PEPPERMINT STICK Peach

CYDONIA japonica, *JAPANESE SCARLET QUINCE. 4-6 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 80c, 2-3 ft. 60c, 1½-2 ft. 50c

*japonica corallina. 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$1.00

*japonica macrocarpa. $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 85c, $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 75c

*japonica rubra grandiflora, BLOOD RED QUINCE. 4-6 ft. \$1.25

japonica versicolor. 1-1½ ft. 75c

DEUTZIA magnifica. 4-6 ft. 85c, 3-4 ft. 75c rosea. 4-6 ft. 75c, 3-4 ft. 60c

KERRIA japonica fl. pl. DOUBLE KERRIA, 3-4 ft. 75c, 2-3 ft. 50c

LAGERSTROEMIA indica rosea, PINK CRAPE-MYRTLE. 4-6 ft. \$1.50, 3-4 ft. \$1.00

LILACS—See prices on page 9 of Part I.

MAGNOLIA liliflora nigra. 5 gal. can 4-5 ft. \$5.00 soulangeana, balled 1½-2 ft. \$2.25, 1-1½ ft. \$1.75 soulangeana alba superba. balled 3-4 ft. \$5.00 soulangeana nigra. 1½-2 ft. \$2.50, 1-1½ ft. \$2.25 stellata, STAR MAGNOLIA. balled 1½-2 ft. \$2.50

PHILADELPHUS, MOCK ORANGE; varieties: Albatre, Girandole and Virginale. 4-6 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 85c, 2-3 ft. 75c

PUNICA granatum var. DOUBLE SCARLET. 4-6 ft. 75c, 3-4 ft. 65c, 2-3 ft. 50c

var. MME. LEGRELLE (flowers variegated) same sizes and prices as for the preceding.

SPIREA, ANTHONY WATERER. 2-3 ft. 75c, 1½-2 ft. 50c, 1-1½ ft. 40c

reevesiana lanceolata, DOUBLE REEVES SPIREA. 4-5 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 75c

vanhouttei. 4-6 ft. \$1.00, 3-4 ft. 75c

WEIGELA rosea, PINK WEIGELA. 2-3 ft. 75c, 1½-2 ft. 60c, 1-1½ ft. 50c

praecox floreal. $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. 75c.

CLIMBERS

AMPELOPSIS aconitifolia, MONKSHOOD VINE. pot grown 2-3 ft. 60c

sempervirens (Cissus striata) EVERGREEN AMPELOPSIS, gal. can 2-3 ft. 50c

CLEMATIS veitchiana. (yellow flowered) pot grown 1½-2 ft. 40c

FICUS pumila (Ficus repens), CLIMBING FIG. pot grown 30c

GELSEMIUM sempervirens, CAROLINA JESSA-MINE. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c

*HARDENBERGIA comptoniana. (flowers violet) pot grown 1½-2 ft. 50c, 1-1½ ft. 40c

momophylla lilacina. (flowers lavender) pot grown 2-3 ft. 60c, 1-1½ ft. 40c

monophylla rosea. (flowers pink) pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c, $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 35c

*HEDERA canariensis variegata, YELLOWEDGED ALGERIAN IVY. gal. can 3-4 ft. 60c; pot grown 3-4 ft. 40c, 2-3 ft. 25c

helix marmorata, MARBLED IVY. pot grown 1½-2 ft. 35c

JASMINUM grandiflorum, SPANISH JASMINE. pot grown 2-3 ft. 60c, 1-1½ ft. 40c

PANDOREA (Tecoma) australis. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c

jasminoides. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 35c

PHILADELPHUS mexicana (evergreen) pot grown 2-3 ft. 50c

SOLLYA heterophylla, AUSTRALIAN BLUEBELL CREEPER. pot grown 1-1½ ft. 30c

TECOMA (Bignonia) radicans, TRUMPET VINE. field grown, bare roots 4-6 ft. 75c; pot grown 2-3 ft. 30c

WISTERIA—See prices and descriptions on page 9 of Part I.

MISCELLANEOUS

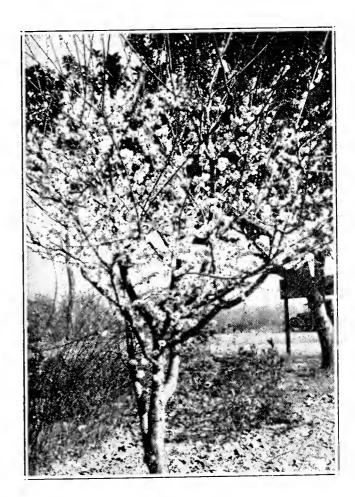
AGAPANTHUS umbellatus, BLUE AFRICAN LILY. strong clumps \$1.00

CORDYLINE indivisa, DRACENA. balled 8-10 ft. \$7.00, 6-8 ft. \$4.50, 5-6 ft. \$3.50, 4-5 ft. \$2.50, 3-4 ft. \$1.75; pot grown 2-3 ft. 75c

Dracena "Triplets" (three trees planted close together so that they are dug and planted as one unit with three trunks) balled 5-6 ft. \$4.00, 4-5 ft. \$3.00, 3-4 ft. \$2.50, 2-3 ft. \$1.75

*HESPEROYUCCA whipplei, CALIFORNIA YUCCA. pot grown, 4 yrs. old, about 2-2½ ft. 60c

PHORMIUM tenax variegatum, VARIEGATED NEW ZEALAND FLAX. balled clumps 3-4 ft. \$2.25



DAWN Apricot

*Items so marked were described in Garden Aristocrats for 1934.

F at all possible we sincerely hope you will visit our nursery and believe you will feel well repaid. You will find it particularly attractive from February to April when so many flowering trees, shrubs and vines are in bloom.

We are conveniently located on the Oakland-San Jose state highway at Coyote Creek bridge, which is about a mile north of the city limits of San Jose.

We have done our best in the available space to tell you a little about some of our better and rarer plants, but actually seeing them is far better. Also we could then give you the further information which you probably want about those that interest you most.

If you think any of your gardening friends would appreciate a copy of this booklet we will gladly mail it to as many as desired if you will send us their addresses.

Please address all mail to

CLARKE NURSERY

Box 343, San Jose, Calif.